# THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

**A Democratic Weekly Newspaper; Devoted to Politics, News, Literature, Home Interests and General Information.**

HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE.

VOLUME 1. EBENSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1867. NUMBER 15



GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

QUICK SALES,
QUICK SALES,
QUICK SALES,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
AND SMALL PROFITS,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
GURLEY'S NEW CHEAP STORE,
EBENSBURG, PA.
EBENSBURG, PA.
EBENSBURG, PA.

The Largest Stock of Goods. The Best Selected and the Greatest Variety ever brought to Town.

LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST,
GO AND SEE.
GO AND SEE.
GO AND SEE.

The subscriber calls the attention of the public to the fact, that he has just received and opened out in his New Store, a large stock of goods, consisting of

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, CHOP FEED, Bran, Fish, Bacon and Cheese; Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Spices, Tobacco, Cigars, Candles, Soap, Vinegar, &c., &c.

NOTIONS, DRUGS, PERFUMERY, Stoneware and Earthenware. ALSO, a fine assortment of the best and latest style of Hats. He always keeps constantly on hand Bologna Sausages, Sardines, Fresh and Spiced Oysters in can, or half cans, and almost everything in the eating or drinking line. All of which will be sold at small profit.

GEO. GURLEY,
MAIN STREET, EBENSBURG, PA.
January 31, 1867.

IMPORTANT TO EVERYBODY.

A "NEW WRINKLE" IN EBENSBURG!

JOHN D. THOMAS

Takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Ebensburg and the north of the county generally, that he has recently added to his stock a large and complete assortment of

SHOES, BUSKINS, GAITERS, &c.,

*For Ladies' and Children's Wear,*

from the celebrated wholesale manufacturing establishment of Ziegler & Sutton, Philadelphia. This stock comprises everything that is desirable and serviceable in the way of *custom-made sewed work*, and every article is warranted of the best material and most perfect manufacture. In the sale of these goods the subscriber pledges himself to repair free of charge any article that may give way after a reasonable time and reasonable usage. The ladies are specially invited to call and examine the stock.

The subscriber also keeps on hand and is prepared to manufacture to order BOOTS and SHOES for Gent's and Youth's wear, of the very best material and workmanship, and at prices as reasonable as like work can be obtained anywhere. French Calf, Common Calf, Morocco and all other kinds of Leather constantly on hand.

☞ Store on Main street, next door to Crawford's Hotel. [feb21-tf.

1867. SPRING. 1867.

EYRE & LANDELL,
Fourth and Arch, Phila'da,

ARE OPENING FOR SPRING OF 1867:

8 Cases Select Shades of SILKS,
Fashionable PLAID SILKS,
BISMARCK, the New Color SILK,
Best BLACK SILKS in Town,
PLAID INDIA SILKS, Perfect,
New Spring DRESS GOODS,
New Style Spring CHINTZES,
ORGANDIES of Newest Styles,
Steel-Colored Poplins, for Suits.

N. B.—STAPLE Housekeeping GOODS. Fresh Stock CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and TWEEDS, for Youths.

P. S.—Merchants in search of scarce and desirable Goods will find it their interest to call and examine our stock. ap.4.-6t.

A WORD FROM JOHNSTOWN!

JOHN J. MURPHY & CO.,
*At their Stores in the Scott House, Main St., and on Clinton Street, Johnstown,*

Have constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of seasonable

Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Groceries, and a general variety of NOTIONS, &c.—Their stock consists of almost every article usually kept in a retail store, all of which have been selected with care and are offered at prices which cannot fail to prove satisfactory. Call and examine for yourselves.
Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

HARVEY CHILDS. . . LOWRIE CHILDS.
W. O. MURPHEY.

H. CHILDS & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS, SHOES, AND SOLE LEATHER,
138 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agents for the sale of "Hope Mill" Cotton Yarn, Bags, Batting and Carpet Chain.
Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

TINWARE, HARDWARE, &c.

1867. SPRING TRADE. 1867.

I am now prepared to offer
SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS
TO CASH PURCHASERS OF
TIN & SHEET-IRON WARE!
EITHER AT
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

My stock consists in part of every variety of
Tin, Sheet-Iron,
COPPER AND BRASS WARES,
ENAMELLED AND PLAIN
SAUCE-PANS, BOILERS, &c.,
COAL SHOVELS, MINE LAMPS, OIL CANS, HOUSEFURNISHING HARDWARE OF EVERY KIND.

Spent's Anti-Dust
HEATING AND COOKING STOVES,
*EXCELSIOR COOKING STOVES,*
NOBLE, TRIUMPH and PARLOR COOKING STOVES,

And any Cooking Stove desired I will get when ordered at manufacturer's prices.—Odd Stove Plates and Grates, &c., for repairs, on hand for the Stoves I sell; others will be ordered when wanted. Particular attention given to

Spouting, Valleys and Conductors,

all of which will be made out of best materials and put up by competent workmen.

Lamp Burners, Wick and Chimneys
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

I would call particular attention to the Light House Burner, with Glass Cone, for giving more light than any other in use. Also, the Paragon Burner, for Crude Oil.

SPENCER'S SIFTER!
It recommends itself.

SUGAR KETTLES AND CAULDRONS
of all sizes constantly on hand.

Special attention given to
Jobbing in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron,
at lowest possible rates.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS' LISTS now ready, and will be sent on application by mail or in person.

Hoping to see all my old customers and many new ones this Spring, I return my most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage I have already received, and will endeavor to please all who may call, whether they buy or not.

FRANCIS W. HAY.
Johnstown, March 7, 1867.-6m.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!
*TO CASH BUYERS!*
AT THE EBENSBURG
HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE!

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a great reduction in prices to CASH BUYERS. My stock will consist, in part, of *Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves*, of the most popular kinds; *Tinware* of every description, of my own manufacture; *Hardware* of all kind, such as Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Table Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Boltz, Iron and Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Pen and Pocket Knives in great variety, Scissors, Shears, Razors and Strops, Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Boring Machines, Augers, Chissels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Files, Rasps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax Bristles, Clothes Wringers, Grind Stones, Patent Molasses Gates and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Cast Steel, Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, &c., Odd Stove Plates, Grates and Fire Bricks, Well and Cistern Pumps and Tubing; *Harness and Saddlery Ware* of all kind; *Wooden and Willow Ware* in great variety; Carbon Oil and Oil Lamps, Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin, Tar, Glassware, Paints, Varnish es, Turpentine, Alcohol, &c.

FAMILY GROCERIES,

such as Tea, Coffee, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Fish, Hominy, Crackers, Rice and Pearl Barley; Soaps, Candles; TOBACCO and CIGARS; Paint, Whitewash, Scrub, House, Shoe, Dusting, Varnish, Stove, Clothes and Tooth Brushes, all kinds and sizes; Bed Cords and Manilla Ropes, and many other articles at the lowest rates for CASH.

☞ Tools Sharpened, made, painted and put up at low rates for *cash*. A liberal discount made to country dealers buying Tinware wholesale. GEO. HUNTLEY
Ebensburg, Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

POCKET KNIVES, TABLE KNIVES and Forks, Spoons, &c., can be bought cheap for cash at GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

GOOD TRUNKS AND VALISES, for sale low at G. HUNTLEY'S.


## Original Poetry.

*Written for the Cambria Freeman.*

### THE HEART BY SYMPATHY WON.

BY LOUIE.

Their faces were neither as fair nor as bright
As Eleanor's, yet they were dearer to me,
And when they all came to my chamber each night
To "kiss me for mother," I never could see
In hers half the beauty that shone in their eyes,
Because they would lift them with love to my face,
While she, with her bosom all heaving with sighs,
And tears in her lashes, received my embrace.

I should have told first, but my lonely heart shrinks
From this sad remembrance, their mother was dead:
The chain that once numbered so many bright links
To bind me to earth, was all gone, and instead
My last dearest sister had left me this band
To love and watch over, and to be lov'd by;
And mother more tender ne'er lived in the land,
Or better beloved by her children than I.

The youngest were twins and resembled so much
The mother who gave them to me, that I deemed
A kiss from their lips, or their hands' lightest touch
A thing to be prized, for her sake, and they seemed
So cheerful and happy, their sister so shy,
So cold and reserved that, while all were caressed,
The heads were held fondest that lov'd best to lie
Together, like chernis, each night on my breast.

But one summer day, when her sisters were gone
Away o'er the meadow, for daisies they said,
My Eleanor sat 'neath a tree in the lawn,
As fair as the white blossoms over her head:
My window was open, and softly was borne
The sound of her voice to my ear, and I drew
More close to the casement that bright summer morn,
That each word she uttered might come to me too.

Oh! never a ballad more touching and sweet
Than "Rock me to sleep" has a poetess penned,
And softly I wept as I heard her repeat
The beautiful lines, from beginning to end.
The voice, full of tenderness, mournful and low,
Reproached me with judging that gentle heart wrong;
I knew that deep feeling alone could bestow
The tremulous sweetness that dwelt in her song.

She met my dim eyes as she rose to come in,
And hers became moist when she saw that I wept—
I felt that this moment was given to win
The heart of the orphan, and quickly I stepped
Across the low porch and extended my arms;
She flew to their yearning embrace like a bird:
"My mother!"—the mem'ry of that moment warms
My heart to this day with the love in that word.

'Tis years since the warm tears of sympathy blent
The pride and reserve that had kept her from me,
And often she tells me that morning was sent
To teach her she had a fond mother in me.
My beautiful children, they still come each night
"To kiss me for mother," and I am so blest,
So proud of their tenderness, truly I write
I know not which loves me or which I love best.

APRIL 27, 1867.

—A case similar to that of Enoch Arden, though less poetic in its details and termination, has lately occurred at Newburyport, Mass. A man at that place who had a wife and four children, ran away, and for seven years no tidings were heard of him, and he was given up for dead. In the meantime a brother of the truant husband had supported the family, and finally married the imaginary widow. Many months had not elapsed, however, when home came husband number one, and, contrary to all romantic precedent, made himself known, and claimed his spouse. Expostulation from the happy couple was in vain. He couldn't see it; but took possession of house and wife, and left his charitable brother out in the cold.

—With a wife the lawyer is more trusty, the doctor more respected and useful, the mechanic more industrious, and the merchant has better credit; in short, a man without a wife is no man at all.

## Tales, Sketches, Anecdotes, &c.

### THE SUSQUEHANNA RIVER.

We find the following interesting, description and historical sketch of the Susquehanna in the Lycoming *Standard*:

If there be a more beautiful spot of earth than that where the men of Paxton settled, we have never seen it. From its source in Otsego Lake, where the great American novelist has described it in language that will never cease to be read; along by its lovely windings, where the Chemung intersects the North Branch, whose beauties have been embalmed by one of our most graceful poets; by the Valley of Wyoming, which lives forever in the imagination of Campbell, but which is fairer even than the semi-tropical fancy of which he was enamored; on by the bold scenery of the meeting of its waters at Northumberland, to its broad glory, celebrated in the New Pastoral, and its magnificent union with the Chesapeake, every mile of the Susquehanna is beautiful. Other rivers have their points of loveliness or of grandeur, the Susquehanna has every form of beauty or sublimity that belongs to rivers. We have seen them all: Connecticut, Hudson, Delaware, Ohio, Mississippi, Missouri. There is nothing like the Susquehanna on this continent. Its peculiar character depends upon its origin in the New York meadows, its passage through the magnificent Pennsylvania highlands and the mountains. Everywhere its course is deflected; it begins a wooded lake; it winds a limpid brook by meadows and over silver pebbles; makes its way through mountains; it loiters, restingly, by their bases; it sweeps in broad courses by the valleys. Its vast width, in its mad spring freshets, when swollen by the melting snow, it rushes from the hills with irresistible force, sometimes causing frightful inundations, leaves, with its falls, island after island in its channel, of the richest green and of surpassing beauty; while those passes through the mountains afford points of scenery far finer than any one would believe them to be from any description, if he had not seen them.

The Susquehanna makes the grandest of these passages, just below the mouth of the Juniata. Its course there is several miles long, before it entirely disengages itself from the rapids, called Hunter's Falls, which are the remains of the rocky barrier which once resisted its way. Entirely at liberty, it pours its stream, a mile wide, along a channel some fifty or sixty feet beneath its bank. About seven miles below the mountains, at a point where they look blue in the distance, a sheltering wall from the northern blasts, flows in a little stream which the Indians called Pexetang, Paixtang, or Paxton. This mountain is the northern boundary of the great valley, which, underlaid with blue limestone, covered originally with the richest and noblest forest growth, and including within it the garden of all the Atlantic slope, extends from Easton, on the Delaware, by Reading, Lebanon and Lancaster, by Harrisburg, York and Carlisle, by Chambersburg, Hagerstown and Winchester, until it looses itself in the North Carolina hills. The point of greatest beauty is the spot where it is cloven by the Susquehanna.

A hundred and forty years ago, an enterprising young man, from Yorkshire, in England, by descent, probably, one of those Scandinavians, who, under the great Canute, held possession of the North of England, and gave its main character to it, made his way to Philadelphia. He married here a lady who came over with a well-known Yorkshire family of this city. Impelled by the same enterprising spirit that brought him from the old world, and using the inevitable eye that was characteristic of him, he went to the banks of the Susquehanna. He settled for a brief period at a point above Columbia, where the village of Bainbridge now stands, a place much frequented by the Conoy or Gawanese Indians. But he was not satisfied with this location. Exploring upwards along the eastern bank of the Susquehanna, he advanced until, instead of the Conewago hill at his back and on the opposite side of the river, he found the entrance opposite to him of the most beautiful valley, already described, with two fine streams flowing into the river about five miles apart, and on the eastern side an elevated, plateau unsurpassed in loveliness in the wide world, with the little Paxton flowing at the base of an elevated slope or ridge of land. Here he settled, and the ferry across the river to the entrance of the Cumberland Valley was called after him.

His son, the first white child born west of the Conewaga hills, subsequently laid out a town on the spot and with singular forethought set apart six acres on a noble hill which rises on the northwest, which he conveyed to the State for public purposes. The Capitol of Pennsylvania is now built upon it, and the city of Harrisburg bears his name.

### THE AGES.

Shakspeare was rather a slow coach in giving the ages of man, as he only gave seven.

Congressmen covet the mile-age.
Tailors admire the garb-age
Brokers revel in the bond-age.
Letter-writers look to their post-age.
Writers should mind the dot-age (i i i).
Prize-fighters are suited with pound-age.
The Englishman rejoices in his peer-age.
Boys like to reach the store-age.
We'd all like to reach the coin-age.
School children are mostly in the verbi-age, ad-age and carri-age.
Deadheads delight in the pass-age.
Impudent people attain to the saus-age.
Wine-bibbers rejoice to reach a good old port-age.
Hotel-keepers are happy in the cott-age, and do well in host-age.
Soldiers often attain to rav-age and carn-age.
Editors delight in press-age.
Liquor dealers don't admire the stopp-age.
Creditors don't like the dunn-age.
Apothecaries all thrive in the pill-age and salv-age.
Sherman's "bummers" were all on the for-age.
Most of us are pleased at hom-age.
Gamblers all attain to the pass-age.
Cultivators of the grape enjoy the vint-age.
Cooks live through a pot-age.
Ladies are partial to the marri-age and are given to [illegible]
Radicals desire to universal suffr-age.
Good livers are fond of the bever-age.
Dog fanciers enjoy the cour-age.
Card-players and little children delight in the crib-age.
Fishermen are fond of the line-age.
Our soldiers were in the front-age.
Misers delight in the save-age.
Sweet sixteen with the girls is a prim (e) age.
Porters thrive most in the lugg-age.
All have to go through with the vis-age.
Sculptors rejoice in a good im-age.
The blacks have outlived their vassal-age.
Farmers and many clerks go through the till-age.
Coal-dealers grow short in their ton-age.
In hot climates we sigh for the umbr-age.
And we are all going through life's voy-age.

MORAL COURAGE.—General Sherman says the greatest demand ever made on his moral courage was under the following circumstances: The citizens of San Francisco were celebrating the fourth of July in the large American theatre, which was packed to its utmost capacity. General Sherman was chief marshal, and occupied a seat near the front of the stage. The orator had completed his oration, the poet began his song, when one of his aids, white with fear, made his way down the middle aisle to the footlights, and beckoning the General's ear, whispered to him that the theatre had settled a foot and a half in one of the side walls, under the weight of the crowd, and might be expected at any moment to tumble on their heads in ruins. The General commanded him to sit down where he was, without turning his panic smitten face to the audience, and to say not one word. He then quietly sent an aid out to report the condition of the wall, then gave his apparent attention to the poem, expecting every moment, as he said, to see the pillars reeling and the roof falling in, but nevertheless certain that any general and sudden movement and fright of the people would hasten the catastrophe and aggravate the ruin, while, by the ordinary slow method of dispersion, the danger might possibly be escaped. The exercise continued calmly to the close. The audience left the theater quietly without suspecting their peril, and the terrible destruction was averted by the presence of mind, the self-control of the brave soul who, contemplating it, saw glanced all the possibilities of the case, decided upon the policy of duty, and awaited without one betraying glance, or treacherous change of complexion, the uncertain, tremendous consequences.

READING MATTER on every page.

### Six Degrees of Drunkenness.

The following homily we give as we found it, leaving our sober fellow citizens to warrant for the truth it contained:

The most foolish predicament a man can get into is to get drunk. In drunkenness every man shows his strongest and most ardent passion. There are six kind of drunkards, and if you will go into a city drinking place where there are a dozen men under the influence of liquor, you will be sure to find these six different characters, representing different animals.

The first is ape drunk. He leaps and sings, and yells, and dances, makes all sorts of grimaces and cutting up, full of "monkey-shines" to excite the [illegible] of his fellows! Terribly silly! [illegible] an clown.

The second is tiger drunk. He breaks the bottles, breaks the chairs, breaks the heads of his fellow carousers, and is full of blood and thunder. His eyes are fired with vengeance, and his soul raves with murderous fury. Of this sort are those who abuse their families.

The third is hog drunk. He rolls in the dirt on the floor, slobbers, grunts, and on going into the streets makes his bed in the first ditch or filthy corner he may happen to fall into. He is heavy, lampish and sleepy, and in a grunting way, asks for a little more to drink.

The fourth is puppy drunk. He will weep for kindness, and whine his love and hug you in his arms, and kiss you with his slobbery lips and proclaim how much he loves you. You are the best man he ever saw, and he will lay down his money or his life for you.

The fifth is owl drunk. He is wise in his own conceit. No man must differ with him, for his word is law. He is true in politics, and in all matters must be taken as authority. His arm is the strongest, his voice the sweetest, his horse the fleetest, his turnip the largest, his tune the finest of all in the room.

The sixth and last animal in the menagerie is the fox drunk man. He is crafty, ready to trade horses and cheat if he can. Keen to strike a bargain, leering around with low cunning, peeping through cracks, listening under the eaves, watching for some suspicious thing, sly as a fox, sneaking as a wolf. He is the most drunkard of them all.

HOW TO WHITTLE.—Only this morning I sat in the depot, waiting for the train. There had been an accident on the road below and scattered the wood around in a very crooked way, so that the passenger train could not get by, and so we had to wait, and wait a weary while. Some folks read their papers, some spent their time in making the air bad with vile tobacco smoke. But there was one boy, with a shy and a discouraged look, that sat and whittled. He did not cut his stick all to pieces, as some people do when they whittle, but he carved out two nice little sled runners, two inches and a half long, and then made cross pieces, and fitted them in the runners by dovetailing. Then he whittled a round piece, and bored small holes in the front end of each runner, and inserted the ends of the round piece. The sled, when completed was a very neat piece of workmanship, and soon attracted the attention of the gentlemen in the depot. It came out that the boy was looking for a place to work for his "board and clothes." Everybody was pleased with the sled, and everybody was disposed to help him. He had but seventy-five cents, and with this he was going to the great city. One gentleman gave him some money. Another offered him a week's work. Finally, a gentleman inquired his history, found that he was the son of a widow, and did not want to be a burden to his mother. This last gentleman gave him a place in his own family, to work in summer, and go to school in winter.

And so the boy whittled himself into a situation. He made something. It is a first-rate rule to always make something. Have some object, even in whittling. The sled stands on my desk while I write, and I mean to keep it, and watch the boy, till I see whether he will not whittle his way to success in life.—*Exile.*

A CALIFORNIA STORY tells of a man who resolved to quit drinking, and went to a notary to get him to draw up an affidavit to that effect. The document was drawn, read and proved; the party held up his hand and murmured the usual "so help me." It was properly sealed and delivered. "What's to pay?" asked the pledger. "To pay—to pay!" exclaimed the party; "nothing, of course—this is a labor of love." "Nothing to pay!" returned the grateful but very forgetful affiant, "You're a brick. Let's take a drink!"

# THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.:

THURSDAY, : : : MAY 9, 1867.

R. L. JOHNSTON, - - - EDITOR.
H. A. McPIKE, - - - - PUBLISHER.


## Democratic County Committee.

The Democratic County Committee of Cambria county are respectfully requested to meet at the Court House in Ebensburg, on Wednesday the 15th day of May next, for the purpose of transacting business relating to the coming election. A general attendance is requested. The following gentlemen compose said Committee: Wm. Buck, Jos. Mardis, A. Martz, Francis Bearer, Henry Bender, Daniel McDonald, P. J. McKenzie, C. Warner, David Farner, John H. Douglass, John Devlin, Edward Counery, Peter Brown, Rees J. Lloyd, John Sharbaugh, John Manion, John Cooney, John H. Kennedy, George Gurley, Charles O'Hagan, D. F. A. Grier, Hugh Bradley, J. B. M'Creight, Jos. Boxler, James King, Geo. Shaffer, Francis O'Friel, Thos. Judge, Edward Farren, John White, James Costelow, James Burk, John M'Colgan, Christian Walters, John F. Allen.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Chairman.

## THE SOUTH.

The present is the time for cool reflection. Business affairs are comparatively quiet—the people have returned to their ordinary avocations—there is no pending question which has begun to evoke a conflict of opinion. The Radical Congress has adjourned, and monetary matters have improved in consequence thereof. This is not an opinion of ours, but a well established fact, admitted by all parties. The Radical Legislature has adjourned, and the Democratic and a majority of the Radical papers denounce it as corrupt and reckless beyond all precedent. Like Congress, their act of adjournment was the only act that met the approbation of the people.

The tax-paying masses are beginning to compare Radical legislation with that of former years, when purer principles prevailed in our National and State legislation, and the result of that comparison is by no means favorable to the party now in power. Radical extravagance has added greatly to the burdens of the people, while the course pursued by Congress has rendered the future of our country so uncertain as to place nearly all the burdens of taxation on the Northern people.

The Military Bill, which reduces ten sovereign States to the condition of territories, and substitutes a military Government for the civil power, contains no provision by which the Southern States will be restored to the Union, even after complying with all the requisitions of the Military Bill. Indeed, Thaddeus Stevens, the acknowledged Radical leader, says they shall not be. Thus, while, according to the theory of President Lincoln and President Johnson, the former enactments of Congress itself, and the concurrence of the Supreme Court, the Southern States were never out of the Union—while the surrender of the Southern armies under Lee and Johnston to the Union armies under Grant and Sherman, and the public declaration of President Lincoln made directly after those surrenders, and shortly before his death, recognized the Union as restored, and exacted no further terms of the seceding States than renewed fealty to the Constitution and the laws, a single department—Congress—repudiates this theory—declares that the Union is not restored, and shall not be for an indefinite period.

We are aware that some months since much was said about the unsettled condition of the South. Radical papers and Radical speakers were wont to dwell with much apparent unction on acts of a lawless character in the States formerly in rebellion, more especially cases in which the unfortunate negro was the sufferer. Indeed, every murder, every riot, nay, every assault and battery occurring in these States seemed a God-send to these editors and orators, as tending to show that perfect order was not restored in the South.

Now, we cheerfully admit, that many violations of the law have occurred in these States since the close of the rebellion, as many perhaps as before it commenced—nearly as many, perhaps, proportionately as now occur in Massachusetts, New York, or Pennsylvania. And such we may expect to occur hereafter, whether the Southern States be represented in Congress or not.

But, especially, it was urged that *Northern* men were badly dealt with in the South—that they were abused—not received into society—and not even allowed to speak in the South. And hence it was argued that the South was not reconstructed, and that her people were unfit to enjoy the blessings of the Union. But these changes have vanished from the radical papers, and you hear nothing of the kind from that quarter. Indeed, radicalism itself has furnished the best contradiction to this assertion. Henry Wilson, the Senator from Massachusetts—one of the most violent and vindictive radicals in the Senate—is even now making a political tour through the South, delivering radical speeches at every town to mixed assemblages of white and black auditors. He preaches radical doctrines from every stump as freely and as fiercely as he did in the Senate. And yet he is never molested—he passes along with the same impunity as he would in his own State, makes his speeches, and transmits their substance to his friends in the North. Judge Kelly, of Philadelphia, and other radicals are to follow him. These men are not the least afraid to go down among the "red handed rebels" of the South when a political purpose is to be gained by it. Then what becomes of their argument against a government of the "Constitution and the Laws" and in favor of a military government ignoring alike the lines and sovereignty of the States? Their own conduct is the best reply to their arguments. Then what is the cause of the madness which "rules the hour" in reference to the restoration of the Union? What is the motive that produces the delay in reaping the richest harvest of peace resulting from the glorious termination of the war? The answer is plain—it is purely a question of power.

Radicalism must elevate to the Presidency in 1868, Fred Douglass, or S. P. Chase, or B. Bottle Butler, (we put the best man foremost,) and in order to do this the white man in the South must *not* vote, and the negro in the South must vote. It is well known that the majority of the slaves in the South were rebels, so far as they were anything, and espoused the cause of their masters. Notwithstanding this, while the legislation under the Military Bill would deny white rebels a vote, the whole negro vote, rebel or not rebel, is to be polled. No difference how "red-handed" the rebel is, if he is also black-handed, he has a sure thing of a vote. This is the game that is now being played, and he is at least purblind that cannot see it.

We ask the people, then—the honest yeomanry of the country—if it is not time to stay the destroying hand of this angel of darkness?—whether it is not best, the war being ended, to reap the fruits of peace?—whether it is not better to still keep an eye on the Constitution and laws of our fathers, and maintain the integrity of the flag of the Union, without erasing a stripe or blotting out a single star from the galaxy of States?

Let the people ponder! We are no alarmist. We never have for a single moment despaired of the Republic. But we do believe that it will owe its salvation in the coming struggle to the conservative sentiment of the country, and that the elevation to power of such men as Stevens, and Butler, and Sumner, without an executive arm to stay their revolutionary principles, will be the darkest day for our future that ever dawned upon our beloved country.

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THE records of the War Department show fifty persons are now confined at the Dry Tortugas—nine citizens and forty-one soldiers. The former are Mudd, Spangler, Arnold and O'Laughlin, the conspirators, St. Leger Greenfel, sentenced to hard labor for life for conspiring to release prisoners of war; John P. Adair, a South Carolinian, sentenced to five years for robbery; John Walters, ten years for manslaughter, and Sam Henry, three years for assault with intent to kill. Of the soldiers, eighteen were sentenced for desertion, seven for assault with intent to kill, and six for robbery.

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IT IS acknowledged by Physicians, Druggists, and everybody else who ever used it, that Dr. Strickland's Cough Balsam will cure Coughs, Colds, Asthma, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, quicker and better than any other remedy known. We would recommend our readers to try this great remedy, knowing it to be A No. 1. 1m.

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LANCASTER struck the Radicals a heavy blow on Friday last. The late Legislature gerrymandered the city in the most infamous manner, and hoped, in that way, to secure a majority in the Councils. But the Democracy were wide awake, and swept the city by an overwhelming majority. All honor to them!

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IN WASHINGTON there are more registered negro votes than white. If the negroes at the coming election vote for one of their own color for Mayor, he will be elected, and political equality, in the matter of office holding, thus receive its first practical illustration at the capital of the nation.

## Gen. Rosecrans' Resignation.

Gen. Rosecrans, says the *Tribune*, who has recently resigned his rank as Brigadier General in the Regular Army will, perhaps, be referred to in after times as a conspicuous witness, if not of the ingratitude of the Republic, at least of the fact that war, like all other professions, is a good deal of a lottery in which it is not always the deserving who win the substantial rewards. Victor in the first important engagement which resulted favorably to the Union arms in the war of the Rebellion; planner and executor of four distinct campaigns, three of which were eminently successful; hero of several great battles, never decidedly beaten in any engagement, frank and resolute in his patriotism, and idolized by a hundred thousand veterans who fought under him, General Rosecrans, by a strange combination of misfortunes, has never been in favor with his official superiors, and never obtained even from the people a fair recognition of his eminent services. It was less than sixty days after the attack upon Fort Sumter when he did us the first great service in Western Virginia by compelling the surrender of General Pegram at Rich Mountain. The planning and fighting were both exclusively his; the reward was given to McClellan. After McClellan had been transferred to the Potomac, Rosecrans fought the battle of Carnifex Ferry, drove Wise, Floyd and Lee across the mountains, finished the campaign with brilliant rapidity, and when there was hardly a rebel picket left on this side of the Allegheny Mountains, was relieved for no fault of his own, that a Mountain Department might be created for General Fremont. He fought and won the battle of Iuka in September, 1862, while his superior officer, Gen. Grant, was lying inactive with his troops four miles from the field of conflict, and although for this engagement he was made a major general of volunteers, there sprang out of it a misunderstanding with Gen. Grant which had much to do with the marring of all Rosecrans' subsequent career. The next month at Corinth he beat Van Dorn and Price with but little more than half as many men as his adversaries, gaining the most important victory of the war up to that time. Recalled from the pursuit, greatly against his own judgment, by Gen. Grant, he was relieved of his command nine days after the battle and ordered to Cincinnati.

Two months after his appointment, October 30th, to the command of the Fourteenth Corps at Bowling Green, Kentucky, he had converted a demoralized rabble into a magnificent army, and led it across the Cumberland. The four days' battle of Stone River was won not more by the intrepidity of the soldiers than by the personal valor and skill of Rosecrans himself, and was a magnificent prelude to the brilliant campaign of the summer of 1863, by which he drove Bragg's army out of Middle Tennessee, and across the Tennessee River. The battle of Chicamaugua in September was a bloody encounter, in which both sides were too badly crippled to continue the fray; but it secured us in the possession of Chattanooga, the objective point of the campaign and the key of all the country south of the Cumberland Mountains. Nevertheless, Rosecrans was again relieved of his command, and for several months was allowed to remain in obscurity. Then he was sent to Missouri, where, besides doing efficient military service, he discovered the secret conspiracy of the Knights of the Golden Circle. Yet he was once more removed, and has never had a command since.

Whether General Rosecrans' unfortunate relations with the War Department and the Headquarters of the Army are to be traced to any fault of his own, we have no means of knowing. We only know that of all our generals he has uniformly been one of the most fortunate in the field and the most unfortunate everywhere else; and that his retirement ought to awaken in us a double regret that we have lost the services of an accomplished officer, and have rewarded so inadequately what he has done for us hitherto.

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—The dead body of a female infant was found near Greensburg a few days ago.

—Mr. George Peabody departed for England in the steamer Scotia, from New York, on Wednesday week.

—Irwin Davis, formerly a waiter at the Massasoit House, in Springfield, Mass., is now one of the richest men in California, his income being from $50,000 to $60,000 a month.

—A keg of powder exploded near Fort Lee, New York, on Tuesday, blowing a man named McCalley fifty feet into the air and "landing" him in the river. He swam ashore and is still living.

—At Sandyville, Iowa, recently, a man who was annoyed by the crying of his child, four or five monthes old, at night, got up and deliberately strangled it to death. He has been arrested for the crime.

—On Thursday evening last, in a house of evil repute in Pittsburgh, a young woman named Mollie Giffin or Moore committed suicide by taking laudanum. Shame at the life she had been leading, and a lack of resolution to abandon her dissolute career, were the probable reasons that induced self-destruction. She was about twenty-two years of age, and a native of Akron, Ohio.


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Great Reduction

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Dr. Strickland's Masterpiece COUGH BALSAM. This valuable preparation is now offered to the public, confident that it will prove all that is claimed for it. The most distressing Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Throat and Lung Diseases are speedily relieved by this Balsam. Influenza and Catarrh, which are so prevalent in this country, are immediately relieved by it. Even Consumption, when not of too long standing, is checked in its fatal career, and the sufferer restored to health and vigor. Many of the most eminent physicians of the country have given their certificates to the wonderful curative powers of this Balsam, and it is now offered to the public with the full confidence that it will do all that is claimed for it. Price 25 cts. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. ONE DOSE RELIEVES—ONE BOTTLE CURES.

Dr. STRICKLAND'S PILES. Piles of every description, whether Blind, Bleeding or Itching, are speedily relieved by this Ointment. This Ointment has been used in numerous cases of the worst kind of Piles, and has never failed to give relief. Many who have suffered for many years with the Piles, have been entirely cured by the use of this Ointment. Price 50 cts. per box. Sold by all druggists. THE MISERABLE MADE HAPPY.



TO THE LADIES OF EBENSBURG AND VICINITY.—Having recently arrived from the city with a handsome assortment of *Spring and Summer Millinery and Straw Goods*, of the latest styles, comprising *Bonnets, Silks and Velvets, fine French Flowers*, an assortment of *Ribbons*, all widths and colors, Ladies' plain and fancy *Dress Caps*, Infants' Silk and Embroidered *Caps*, together with Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Hosiery, Gloves, Ladies' and Gent's fine Linen Handkerchiefs, &c., we invite the ladies of Ebensburg and surrounding districts to call and examine our stock, in the store room formerly occupied by E. Hughes, below the Mountain House.

We have a fashionable milliner of excellent taste, who will pay particular attention to bleaching, pressing and altering Hats and Bonnets to the latest styles.

Mrs. J. DOYLE,
April 25-3m. Miss M. RUSH.


IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.—In the matter of the application of John O'Connell, Jr., for decree of specific performance, notice having been given to the heirs and legal representatives of Charles Heyer, dec'd, on motion of F. A. Shoemaker, W. H. Sechler, Esq., appointed Commissioner to take testimony and proof of contract. By order of the Court.

JAMES GRIFFIN, Clerk.

In pursuance of the above, notice is hereby given that I will attend to the duties of said appointment at the office of F. A. Shoemaker, Esq., in Ebensburg borough, on Thursday the 23d day of May next, when and where those interested may attend.

W. H. SECHLER, Commissioner.
May 2, 1867.—3t.*


PRIVATE SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale two valuable tracts of TIMBER LAND, situate in Jackson township, Cambria county, and known as the "Lloyd Property." Also—Four other valuable tracts of LAND, situate in Cambria and Jackson townships, and known as the "Pensacola Property." Also—TWO FARMS adjoining the borough of Ebensburg—one containing about 100 acres; the other about 150 acres. The buildings are all in good repair, with never-failing springs of water near the houses.

☞ Persons wishing to purchase or sell Farms or Timber Lands, will do well by calling on me before buying or offering them for sale. F. A. SHOEMAKER,
ap.11.tf. Att'y at Law, Ebensburg.

CARD TO INVALIDS.—A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge. Address*,

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
*Station D, Bible House, New York City.*
March 28, 1847.-3m.*

JOHN ROCKETT, - - - - F. J. STORM.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

JOHN ROCKETT & CO.

Desire to inform the public generally that they are now prepared to execute *House, Sign and Ornamental Painting, Glazing, Paper Hanging, Graining and Calcemining*, either in Cambria, Blair or Huntingdon Counties, on the shortest notice, in the very best style, and at prices as reasonable as any other firm or individual in the country.

Call at their room in Lowther's building, under Roush's Drug Store, or address

JOHN ROCKETT & Co., Altoona, Pa.
April 25, 1867.-6m.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—All persons knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned on book account, or by notes now due, are requested to call and settle the same either by paying the cash (which, of course, would be preferred) or giving or renewing their notes, on or before the 1st day of July next, as after that date all accounts remaining unsettled will be left in the hands of a proper officer for collection. A. SAUPP.

St. Augustine, May 2, 1867.-2m.*

WHOLESALE

JANNEY & ANDREWS, 123 Market St. PHILADA.

GROCERS

ROBERT E. JONES, Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa.
Dealer in Lumber. The highest price in Cash, paid for CHERRY, POPLAR, ASH and LIND LUMBER.

GOOD TRUNKS AND VALISES for sale low at E. HUNTLEY'S.

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

THURSDAY, : : : MAY 9, 1867.

## LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

CROWDED OUT.—Our Johnstown and Carrolltown letters, the literary contribution of "Melusa," "Answers to Correspondents," and our "Roll of Honor," have been crowded out by the press of official advertisements on our columns this week. We hope to arrange matters so as to give all a hearing in our next. To those of our patrons who have not yet paid their subscriptions we would say that we have extended the time for accepting $2 as the price per year for our paper until after the June term of Court. All persons who do not pay on or before that time will be charged $2,50.

SEVERELY INJURED.—An account of the accident on the Penn'a Rail Road, a short distance east of Wilmore, this county, will be found elsewhere. Among the injured we have not noticed the name of Mr. Rowland Humphreys, a resident of this place; yet his injuries are very severe, if not dangerous. Mr. H. was thrown from the Express car, it is supposed, through a small window, and cut and bruised dreadfully. A clean cut extends over the crown of the head from ear to ear, through the scalp, but fortunately without any injury to the skull. One of his ankles was also badly sprained, and he received other contusions. What makes Mr. H.'s case the more distressing is the fact that his wife's health is in a very precarious condition, and but little hope is entertained of her recovery. The injured man, however, is being properly cared for, and we are glad to learn that he is doing well. He was in the employ of the Adams' Express Company at the time of the accident, and had the good sense to obtain an accident insurance policy some time since, which entitles him to a weekly stipend during his present affliction.

PERSONAL.—*The Smiths et al.*—During a recent visit to Philadelphia we met two of this tribe—Capt. George N. and Dr. Wm. A.—both formerly legislators from Cambria county. The Captain is the same earnest, clever fellow as of yore, and sings "Washington was born," etc., just as well as ever. The Dr. is as firm a Democrat as in days gone by, and still entertains a strong domestic attachment for little Cambria. His son Thomas, the school-boy of Ebensburg, is a fine, graceful gentleman, and occupies a very respectable position in business and society.

We found our whilom friend, George M. Riddle, at his new business place, the house of Wood, Marsh, Hayward & Co., where he will always be glad to meet his old friends.

Dr. Brallier, too, is at home to his friends at the immense drug store of Ziegler & Smith, on Third street.

We stopped at the Merchants' Hotel, the headquarters of Cambrians, where they are specially cared for as such. We urge our friends visiting the city to give the Messrs. McKibbin a call.

DAN RICE'S CIRCUS.—Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather there was a fair turn out to witness the Prince of Clowns. That the performance was satisfactory we need scarcely add, as, with Dan Rice at the helm, it could not be otherwise. Indeed, to witness the performances of the beautiful trained horses was in itself worth the price of admission. The horsemanship was good, the gymnastic feats well performed, and some of them new to the "ring," while the "Sacred Cattle" attracted much attention from the more serious spectators. But, after all, the inimitable *Dan Rice* himself was the "observed of all observers." His witty and good-humored home thrusts at the follies of the day, his ridicule of fanatics and extremists, and his patriotic eloquence, won golden opinions from all within the canvass. And while some decry the "great showman," it is well to remember that

"Honor and shame from no *condition* rise;
*Act well your part*—there all the honor lies."

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—A serious accident occurred on the Pennsylvania Railroad on Tuesday evening of last week, near Wilmore Station, this county. It appears that as the Philadelphia Express train, which left Pittsburg at 4:20 Tuesday afternoon, was ascending the mountain with two engines attached to it, a heavy land slide was encountered by which the train was badly wrecked. One of the engines was thrown over an embankment into the Conemaugh river, and the other into a ditch, damaging them both considerably. The baggage cars and one of the passenger coaches were also wrecked, but the ballance of the train escaped injury. Samuel McNaught and James O'Rourke, the engineers, were thrown from the engines, but were not badly hurt. Mr. Gilman, the express messenger, a resident of Harrisburg, sustained a fracture of the left leg, and Thomas M'Greggor, of Philadelphia, was seriously bruised. The passengers escaped without injury.

LARCENY.—A young man whose name we failed to learn was lodged in jail on Monday charged with stealing from A. S. Rathbone, Esq., of Jackson township, a gold watch, a pair of pantaloons and a vest. He stepped into the house of Mr. R. situated near the turnpike, some six miles west of Ebensburg, during the temporary absence of the family, and, having consummated the act, escaped towards the railroad, where he was intercepted by the vigilance of Constable George, just as he was about to take the cars, and brought back to this place and committed for trial.

TIME.—There is a time for all things—a time to be sorry, a time to be sad; a time to be merry and a time to be glad. There is a time, too, for all persons, if they will only go to C. T. Roberts' watch and jewelry establishment on High street and obtain it in shape of a gold or silver watch or an eight day or twenty-four hour clock. Clocks and watches repaired and warranted, and a full line of jewelry, notions, etc., always on hand.

MR. JOHN SCHATZ was killed in one of the coal mines of the Cambria Iron Company at Johnstown, on Saturday week last.

EDITORIALITIES, LOCAL AND GENERAL.—

*To Cure a Felon*—Put him in the Penitentiary.

*Distressing*—The efforts of the Rads. to account for their defeat in Connecticut.

*Ropes.*—John W. Forney has gone to Europe. He should have had a *rope* at home.

*To be Expected.*—Many of the Rads. are engaged in the effort to resuscitate the Know-Nothing party.

*A Beautiful Sight.*—Fifteen hundred Sunday School children were in procession in Johnstown on Thursday last.

*B. B.*—Many of the Rads. talk of running Beast Butler for President. It wouldn't take Grant long to "bottle" him.

*True.*—Our neighbor, the *Alleghanian*, speaks of the negro as "casting *lustre* upon universal liberty." Well, he does take the *shine* a little in that direction.

*Complimentary.*—John W. Forney was made the recipient of a negro serenade on the eve of his departure for Europe. He made his colored brethren a speech.

*The Difference.*—Wade Hampton and other ex-rebels have got the Black Crook.—*Alleg.* Thad. Stevens has got the Black Cook. One is ideal—the other is real.

*The Press.*—Our neighbor also alleges that certain blacks were *pressed* to take seats in the conservative convention at Nashville. Glad they have got the liberty of the *press* out there at last.

*The* Blair County Court last week granted liquor licenses to all applicants excepting two in Hollidaysburg and five in Altoona—the remonstrances to the contrary notwithstanding.

*Up-Hill.*—The Lewistown *Gazette* is defending the Radical Legislature from the attacks of the Radical press throughout the State. It has a very large contract for a very small paper.

*A Mistake.*—Friend Brotherline feels sore over a castigation he received from Colonel Rice at the "big show." He should have given the Colonel a fair *field* then, as *Rice* only wants proper cultivation.

*If* the saying that rain makes corn, and corn makes whisky, and whisky makes Democrats, be true, then we may look for an increased Democratic vote next fall.—*Alleg.* And we shall expect the *Alleghanian* to be with us.

*Jeff Davis* refuses to ask for a pardon or solicit bail. Why does he not be honest about the matter, and call for the rope at once?—*Hollidaysburg Whig.* Whenever he wants a hangman he will not pass you, Brotherline.

*Suicide.*—A man named Dixon committed suicide on Friday evening last, by drowning himself in the Juniata river, at Tyrone, Blair county. His body was recovered the next morning. No cause is assigned for the rash act.

*Approbatory.*—The late radical legislature passed over 1600 acts. The *Alleghanian*, we are pleased to see, approves *two* of them. One of these is to make juries political, half and half—the other to prohibit the exclusion of negroes from the Philadelphia street cars.

*Death from Lightning.*—In addition to the deaths from lightning of two cousins named Armstrong, in Westmoreland county, on the 24th ult., we notice that a man named Noah Armstrong was also killed in Fayette county, on the same day and in like manner.

*Judge Sharswood.*—There is a strong current setting in for the nomination of this distinguished jurist as the Democratic candidate for Supreme Judge. No Democratic lawyer that we know of could poll a larger vote—certainly no one could fill the position with more ability.

*McCreery*, the pardoned convict whose testimony mainly contributed to the conviction of Buser and Howser for murder in this county, more than a year ago, has been engaged in passing counterfeit money, and the officers of the law are making vigorous efforts just now to secure his arrest.

*January and June.*—The last Huntingdon *Globe* records the marriage of Thomas Tweed, aged 65, to Miss Catharine Shaffer, aged 22, in "ye ancient borough." In Altoona, recently, a man fifty odd years of age wedded a lassie who is said to be somewhere in the middle of her teens. Matrimony, like the weather, is playing some queer pranks this spring.

*Exchange Hotel, Altoona.*—The hotel of Johnston & Gibbs, which was destroyed by fire last fall, has, phœnix-like, arisen from its ashes, and is now more than ever a first class house of entertainment, with the amiable and courteous Col. John Woods running it. We advise our friends to hang up their hats at this establishment when visiting Altoona.

*Literary.*—We have received the Democratic Almanac from its publishers, Van Evrie, Horton & Co., No. 162 Nassau street, New York. It is a valuable compendium of statistical information and Democratic text reading, of nearly 100 pages, and is sold at the low price of 20 cents per copy, or six copies for $1. Every Democrat should have it.

*Musical.*—Many of our readers may not be aware of the fact that Cambria county possesses a musical prodigy in the person of Miss Lena Luckhardt. Though yet in her teens, she is acknowledged to be one of the most accomplished pianists in this country. She is the daughter of our worthy fellow-citizen, Mr. Louis Luckhardt, of Johnstown—himself one of the very best amateur performers on the violin we have ever had the pleasure of listening to.

*Hon. C. M. Donavan.*—Of that gallant Democratic phalanx who so manfully battled for the right during the late session of the Legislature, none deserve a higher meed of praise than Captain DONAVAN of Philadelphia. Amid the pride of power which marked the conduct of the radicals, amid their taunts, their sneers and their menaces, he never was known to falter. Bold, fearless and talented, he earned for himself a reputation which should endear him not only to his immediate constituents, but to the whole Democratic party of Pennsylvania. We hope he will again permit his name to go before the people of his district for another term, and we cannot doubt but that a discerning constituency will retain the services of one who has done them and himself so much honor by his past career.

## MacShane in Philadelphia.

*Commencement of a Grand Tour of Observation—Philadelphia—Religious Matters—Politics—The Negro—Fashions, &c.*

LETTER NUMBER ONE.

DEAR JOHNSON—Am here in the city of "brotherly love" with the sole and exclusive purpose of furnishing you and, through you, the numerous and intelligent readers of the FREEMAN, with a sketch of matters and things transpiring in this beautiful city. More especially am I here in the character of reporter, to enlighten you, beloved but benighted Cambrians, who not unfrequently "branch" out to Cresson for the Philadelphia train, as well as those "northern hordes" who come down the Susquehanna, whole "rafts" at a time, as to the manner they are to deport themselves when, in "swinging around the circle," they find themselves in this village. And first as to

RELIGIOUS MATTERS.

Religion seems to be so well established here as to require but little attention. That great crime of running the Sunday cars has been permanently disposed of, and the poor, thinly clad sinners, whose appearance at church is such a drawback upon pure devotional exercises, but rarely appear in the sacred buildings, owing to the distance from the factory to the church. Consequently, not only good order, but an appearance of easy respectability, is apparent in all the exercises in the temple of religion. The pious worshippers, reclining in their softly cushioned seats, have so much confidence in their venerable pastors that they incontinently fall into a profound slumber while the glad tidings of redemption are showered upon their unconscious heads. And such is the habitual good breeding of these Christians that while nearly all sleep, snoring is rarely heard to disturb the solemnities of the occasion. I urged Edwards to accompany me to church, but he declined on the ground that he had come to the city "to *get out of politics.*"

POLITICAL MATTERS.

Politics, like business, is rather dull just now. The honesty and integrity of the late Legislature is much talked of here in radical circles. The factory people, however, complain that the legislation was all in the interest of the "spinners." The colored people are a little disheartened from the fact that Forney has left for Europe—and Massa Kelly is going down South to enlighten his "down-trodden brothers." But as my letter, like Geary's inaugural, must be all under appropriate heads, I shall proceed to speak of the

NEGRO.

I was shocked and disgusted to find the Act of Assembly "in such case made and provided," shamefully violated in this radical city. I saw no negroes in the street cars, though I rode over the whole city. But I did see negroes frequently beckon to the conductor to stop, but *he* "couldn't see it." And in this manner is our colored citizens, who "bore away the palm" in the late rebellion, treated by these radicals. Elsewhere, however, I observed quite a change in the deportment of the people towards this unfortunate race. At a club room where the radicals "most de congregate," I had formerly observed that when four of the members would sit down to enjoy a game of euchre for the "lemonade," the unsuccessful pair would decide, by a single game, "whose fault it was." This they *then* called "*niggering* off." I was pleased, on my present visit, to observe that this approbious epithet was no longer used; but the liberal remark was made, "Let us African off!" Our colored friends, too, feel their equality, as I observed at my hotel, for when I sent a colored waiter for anything he always made me *wait* too. I may add that the word *black* is also tabooed in respectable society, and among even first-class horse jockeys. A span of jet black horses were sold in my presence at the bazaar as a pair of colored horses.

FASHIONS.

Mindful of the desire of your lady readers to be booked on the subject of the prevailing fashions I put myself to much trouble to obtain the required information. In the street the dresses worn by the ladies are much *fuller* than formerly—in other words, there is not near so much spare calico, and the ladies very nearly *fill* their dresses. They are very much dwarfed from former proportions, and two ladies can readily pass each other on the pavement; and a gentleman is no longer rendered invisible in a street car by being sandwiched in between a pair of fashionable ladies. These dresses are of a neat and plain pattern, and give the wearer the shape of a time-glass. The skirt is very tastefully looped up, showing embroidered petticoat skirts, and, below these again, the ankle, encased in a well laced gaiter—the ankle reduced to its smallest denomination. White stockings are *much* worn—at least, the pair I saw was.

I have spoken of street dresses. *Trains* are the order of the day and night, within doors; and they are longer than ever. On my way from my room to the dinner table, I set my —— foot upon a ladies' train at the head of the stairs, after the owner had brought up on the landing below. She frowned indignantly, but I felt her beneath me, and did not even apologize.

But a lady's bonnet is "the *head* and front of her offending," and to realise its unique beauty you must, "to the theatre go." There I went. The manner of wearing the hair and the style of the bonnet (if so it may be called) are beautifully adapted to each other. Many of the ladies wear a long, heavy tress of their own hair, descending from behind the left ear, at the precise spot where the hangman's knot is tied, and floating down the back, while a monstrous protuberance of somebody else's hair sticks out from the back part of the head. Indeed, such is the size of this lump that in many cases it is impossible to decide whether the lump sticks out behind or the head sticks out before—the question depending upon which is the largest! What on earth they fill these lumps with no man dare venture to suggest—though a lady whispered to me that a cocoanut was generally used for filling. And this would give meaning to the threat of a lady, which is frequently heard, "to crack the cocoanut" of another.

Then the dear little hats! Looking down at the fair ones in the *parquette*, their heads appeared to me like so many cauliflowers. These hats are of the finest fabric and tiniest size imaginable. In shape they resemble a toad-stool, though much more ornamental, and have no hole for the head, being perfectly flat on both sides. They are worn at an angle of about forty-five degrees, one end resting on the hairy protuberance I have been speaking of, the other on the bridge of the nose, resting slightly on the forehead.

Instead of the beads, or string of ebony or brilliants, worn around the neck and extending down to the waist, so much sported last summer, a beautiful wreath of green artificials floats gracefully over the shoulders, and down the "spine of the back," as Mrs. Partington would say.

I expect to address you again from this city, and after that you may expect to hear from me at Washington. After visiting that city, and giving you a full history of all I can see and hear, I shall start on my great northern tour to the Lakes, the Canadas, and expect to meet Aleck M'Clure in the Russian Possessions of the United States. And while Aleck proposes giving an account of his travels in the N. Y. *Tribune*, I shall not fail to have for my "medium" the *Cambria Freeman*; and thus our correspondence shall go before the world in the leading papers of the respective political organizations.

MACSHANE.

THE LATEST AND BEST NEWS is that R. H. Singer, who, upon his entree into our town, reduced the price of horse-shoeing one-third, has determined still to lead the van, and offers to work 10 per cent. lower than the lowest for *cash*, and insures satisfaction. Persons needing tire on their wagons or carriages, can save dollars by giving him their work. "A dollar saved is a dollar gained," and the way to save many of them is to get your blacksmithing done with Mr. Singer, at the west end of town. Mr. S. is also selling I. C. Singer's unequalled Tire and Band Bender—a machine which saves a great amount of time and labor and bends the Tire round and true—of which Wm. Myers, of Altoona, says he would not take $100 and do without. Any amount of testimony just like that can be shown, but the machine is its own best recommendations to a mechanic. Persons wishing to purchase should call on or address R. H. SINGER, Ebensburg.

SURPRISED, no doubt was every person on awaking from their slumbers on Wednesday morning to find that wintry weather, in all its vigor, was again with us. It was no agreeable surprise either—unlike in every respect the surprise which customers experience who sample the handsome stock of goods which Mills & Davis are now selling at greatly reduced prices, at their establishment on High street.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY.—We invite attention to the card of our young friend, F. Sharretts Dysert, whom we know to be a competent workman and a deserving mechanic. He is a new candidate for public favor in this community, but is none the less entitled to a fair share of patronage. Let home industry be encouraged.

SNOW and piercing cold are not welcome visitors in the midst of May, but welcome or not they are here, and nothing better can be done than to move on in the even tenor of our ways and still continue the purchase of all needed dry goods, clothing, groceries, etc. at the cheap store of V. S. Barker, on High street.

DON'T FORGET to bear in mind and keep in remembrance that more goods for less money, of the very prettiest and best textures, can be purchased at J. M. Thompson's, on High street, than at most any other place this side of sundown. Go, see and be convinced.

**MERCHANTS' HOTEL.**

J. & W. C. M'KIBBIN, Proprietors.
*Fourth St., between Market and Arch,*
May 9, 1867.-1y. PHILADELPHIA.

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D., tenders his professional services as Physician and Surgeon to the citizens of Carrolltown and vicinity. Office in rear of building occupied by J. Buck & Co. as a store. Night calls can be made at the hotel of Lawrence Schroth. [May 9, 1867.-tf.]

**ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY!**

F. SHARRETTS DYSERT,

House, Sign and Ornamental Painter, Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging, and all other work in his line, promptly executed, and satisfaction guaranteed. Shop in the basement of the Town Hall.
Ebensburg, May 9, 1867.-6m.*

LIST OF CAUSES set down for trial at a Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, commencing on Monday, the 3d day of June next:

| | |
|---|---|
| Jackson et al | vs Johnston et al |
| Baird | vs Black |
| Delozier | vs Byrne et al |
| Pringle | vs Price et al |

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Proth'y.
Prothonatory's Office, May 9, 1867.

CAMBRIA COUNTY, SS.—The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of said County. *Greeting:* We command you that you attach William J. Burk, late of your county, by all and singular his goods and chattels, lands and tenements, in whose hands or possession soever the same may be, so that he be and appear before our Court of Common Pleas, to be holden at Ebensburg, in and for the said county, on the first Monday of June next, there to answer Louisa Keepers of a plea of debt; and, also, that you summon ——————, that —— be and appear before our Court on the said first Monday of June next, to answer what shall be objected against him, and abide the judgment of the Court therein. And have you then and there this writ.

Witness the Honorable George Taylor, President Judge of our said Court, at Ebensburg, the twenty-seventh day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Prothonotary.
Ebensburg, May 9, 1867.-3t.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been passed and filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cambria County, for confirmation and allowance, on Monday the 3d day of June next, to wit:

The account of Robert H. Singer, trustee appointed to sell the real estate of Dennis Dougherty, late of Allegheny twp, dec'd.

The first and final account of Catharine Dougherty, Adm'x of John Dougherty, late of Chest township, dec'd.

The final account of Jacob Wertz, Guardian of Harriet Mincely, minor child of Jacob Mincely, dec'd.

The second and final account of John W. Haynes and Reuben Haynes, Ex'rs of Joseph Haynes, late of the Borough of Johnstown, deceased.

The first and final account of C. B. Ellis, Adm'r of Rees Price, late of Cambria Borough, deceased.

The first and final account of David H. Roberts, Adm'r of Eleanor Jones, late of Cambria township, dec'd.

The partial account of John Flick and Henry Bender, Ex'rs of the last will and testament of John Campbell, Sr., dec'd.

The first and final account of Mary A. Conrad, Adm'x of Paul Conrad, late of Clearfield township, dec'd.

The first and final account of Thomas E. Davis, Ex'r of Evan E. Davis, dec'd.

The first and final account of John Richards, Guardian of the minor children of Geo. Richards, deceased.

The account of William Davis, Adm'r of David Davis, late of Cambria twp, dec'd.

The first and final account of John A. Blair, Adm'r of the estate of Mary Clements, deceased.

The second account of Jacob C. Horner, Adm'r of Jonas Horner, late of Conemaugh township, dec'd.

The first and final account of Matthias Denny, Ex'rs of Peter Denny, dec'd.

The first and final account of Simon Weakland, Guardian of the minor children of Charles Bradley, dec'd.

The first and final account of Samuel Blough, Adm'r of Susan Weaver, late of Richland township, dec'd.

The first and final account of John H. Douglass, Adm'r of William Douglass, late of Clearfield township, dec'd.

The account of Mich'l McGuire and Chas. McManamy, Adm'rs of the estate of George Bruce, late of Allegheny township, dec'd.

The account of John E. Lease, Adm'r of the Estate of Susannah Reath, dec'd.

The first and partial account of George J. Rodgers and William Kittell, Ex'rs of Jane Wherry, late of Ebensburg, dec'd.

JAMES GRIFFIN, Register.
Register's Office, Ebensburg, May 2, '67.-4t.

LIST OF RETAILERS of Foreign and Domestic Merchandise in Cambria County for the year 1867!

*Johnstown Borough.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Wood, Morrell & Co | 200 00 | |
| 10 | Charles Unversagt | 20 00 | |
| 14 | L Luckhardt | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Cyrus Hart | 7 00 | |
| 14 | S Leopold | 7 00 | |
| 12 | E Leopold & Brother | 10 00 | |
| 14 | H Walters | 7 00 | |
| 14 | John Levan | 7 00 | |
| 14 | C T Fraser | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Sar'h George | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Wm H Pike | 7 00 | |
| 14 | J S Edwards | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Fred Kress | 7 00 | |
| 12 | T G Stewart & Co | 12 50 | |
| 12 | F W Hay | 12 50 | |
| 14 | Mrs Miller | 7 00 | |
| 14 | William M'Pherson | 7 00 | |
| 12 | J Rodelsheimer | 12 50 | |
| 13 | L Cohin & Brother | 10 00 | |
| 13 | William Updegrave | 10 00 | |
| 14 | G Bentley | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Adam Pharr | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Charles Zimmerman | 7 50 | |
| 11 | John Geis | 15 00 | |
| 13 | Jas J Murphy | 10 00 | |
| 13 | John J Murphy | 10 00 | |
| 13 | M L Gronberg | 10 00 | |
| 13 | F G Mack | 10 00 | |
| 13 | F Kress & Co | 10 00 | |
| 12 | V Luther | 12 50 | |
| 13 | C Dittlebach | 10 00 | |
| 13 | Jacob Wild | 10 00 | |
| 14 | Miss Mary J Parks | 7 00 | |
| 13 | C Suppes | 10 00 | |
| 14 | Emil Young | 7 00 | |
| 14 | A Burgraff | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Krauss & Co | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Geis & Reuth | 7 00 | |
| 13 | Mangold & Co | 10 00 | |
| 14 | Bott & Kreiger | 7 00 | |
| 14 | G Murr | 7 00 | |
| 13 | W Caldwell | 10 50 | |
| 14 | W H Levergood | 7 00 | |
| 12 | J Swank & Co | 12 50 | |

*Conemaugh Borough.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | J Widman | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Mrs L Aaron | 7 00 | |

*Millville Borough.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | Rich'd Ellis | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Henry Ginen | 7 50 | |
| 14 | Baltzer & Spangler | 7 00 | |

*Taylor Township.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | Michl M'Cabe | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Roberts & Co | 7 00 | |
| 14 | A G Crooks | 7 50 | |

*Carrolltown Borough.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 11 | A A Barker | 15 00 | |
| 14 | And Hauk | 7 00 | |
| 14 | F J Barbarich | 7 00 | |
| 14 | J Buck & Co | 7 00 | |
| 14 | F Grosberger | 7 00 | |

*Chest Springs.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 13 | E&H Nutter | 10 00 | |
| 14 | Wagner & Little | 7 50 | |

*White Township.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | Geo Walters | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Isaac Gates | 7 00 | |

*St. Augustine, Clearfield Township.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | A Wharton | 7 50 | |
| 14 | S J Inlow | 7 00 | |
| 14 | A Saupp | 7 00 | |
| 14 | J Litzinger | 7 00 | |

*Cambria Borough.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | John Ryan | 7 00 | |
| 14 | John Kurtz | 7 00 | |
| 14 | J Stibich | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Ignat Kohle | 7 00 | |

*Loretto Borough.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | W Litzinger | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Pat'k Shields | 7 50 | |
| 14 | — O'Friel | 7 50 | |
| 14 | F Jacobs | 7 50 | |
| 14 | John Bradley | 7 50 | |
| 14 | Phil Herzog | 7 50 | |
| 14 | Chas Miller | 7 50 | |
| 14 | F D Saupp | 7 00 | |
| 14 | C Attlesberger | 7 50 | |
| 14 | M Levy | 7 50 | |
| 14 | Jas O'Donald | 7 00 | |

*Munster Township.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | D & P Farren | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Jas O'Brien | 7 00 | |

*Jackson Township.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | Daniel Kiser | 7 50 | |
| 14 | S Albaugh | 7 50 | |

*Summitville Borough.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | W M'Connell | 7 00 | |
| 14 | R Ludwig | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Christ Reich | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Jas M Gillen | 7 00 | |

*Ebensburg Borough.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 13 | E Roberts | 10 00 | |
| 13 | V S Barker | 10 00 | |
| 14 | Geo Huntley | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Jas Murray & Lemon | 7 00 | |
| 14 | G G Owens | 7 00 | |
| 13 | J M Thompson | 10 00 | |
| 13 | A A Barker | 10 00 | |
| 14 | E E Evans | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Mrs Doyle & Miss Rush | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Mrs Todd & Tibbett | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Lloyd & Mullin | 7 00 | |
| 13 | R H Tudor | 10 00 | |
| 14 | Mills & Davis | 7 00 | |
| 14 | R R Thomas | 7 00 | |
| 14 | C T Roberts | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Geo Gurley | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Shoemaker & Co | 7 50 | |

*Carroll Township.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | Leib & Hopple | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Thos Adams | 7 00 | |

*Croyle Township.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | Wm Murray | 7 00 | |
| 14 | PM & J Brown | 7 00 | |
| 14 | G B Wike | 7 00 | |
| 14 | J M Cooper | 7 50 | |

*Wilmore Borough.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | A Bergham | 7 50 | |
| 14 | And Cullen | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Jno M'Colgan | 7 00 | |
| 14 | W R Hughes | 7 00 | |
| 14 | John Shroth | 7 00 | |
| 14 | L Cassidy | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Kephart & Co | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Jos Horner | 7 50 | |

*Washington Township.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | G Mears | 7 50 | |
| 14 | Shoemaker & Son | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Eliz M'Intosh | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Dysart & Co | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Jane Mullin | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Wm Tiley | 7 00 | |
| 14 | M M'Laughlin | 7 00 | |

*Gallitzin Township.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | J J Troxell | 7 00 | |
| 14 | J Gearhart | 7 00 | |
| 14 | F J Parrish | 7 00 | |
| 14 | J Dawson | 7 50 | |
| 14 | F J Christy | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Jas Murray | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Pat'k Smith | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Thos Bradley | 7 00 | |

*Richland Township.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | Geo Berkey | 7 00 | |
| 14 | Geo Conrad | 7 00 | |

*Blacklick Township.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | T & W Duncan | 7 00 | |
| 14 | J G Adams | 7 00 | |

BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Rost & Rost, Conemaugh Borough, | | 15 00 |
| Henry Hattnesman, Johnstown Boro', | | 15 00 |
| Graff & Herbach, | " " | 15 00 |
| J A Stemmer, | " " | 15 00 |
| Herman Vochard, Cambria Borough, | | 15 00 |
| G J Schwaderer, Washington Twp., | | 15 00 |
| Julius Steich, Carrolltown Borough, | | 15 00 |
| Henry Blum, | " " | 15 00 |
| F Bingell, Loretto Borough, | | 15 00 |

BILLIARD TABLES.

| | |
|---|---|
| J Holzworth, Johnstown, 3 tables, | 50 00 |
| J W Mullin, Washington Tp., 2 tables, | 40 00 |

TEN PIN ALLEYS.

| | |
|---|---|
| J W Mullin, Washington Township, | 30 00 |

AN APPEAL will be held at the Treasurer's Office, Ebensburg, on Monday the 6d day of July next. ALEX. SKELLY.
May 9, 1867.-4t. Mercantile Appraiser.

LICENSE NOTICE.—The following persons have filed Petitions in the Office of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions of Cambria County, to be presented to the Judges of said Court on the first Monday of June next!

TAVERN LICENSE.

Cambria Bor—Adam Kurtz, Edw Howe; Carrolltown Bor—Lawrence Schroth, Joseph Cofe, Cawrence Steich, Francis P Groesberger; Carroll Tp—Andrew P Baker; Ebensburg Bor—R P Linton & Son, East Ward; Isaac Cawford, Geo Gurley, West Ward; Gallitzin Twp—Flavian Haid; Johnstown Bor—John Bending, Jos Doubt, 2d Ward, Charles Zimmerman, sr, D W Goughnour, Wm Palmer, Charles Hochstein, 3d Ward; Loretto Bor—Phillip Herzog, John B Myers, Fiorini Bingell; Millville—Eman't James, Richland Tp—Jos Geis; Summitville Bor—Henry Hughes, Washington Tp—Veronica A Reilly, Owen Sweeny; Blacklick Tp—Joseph J Duncan.

EATING HOUSE LICENSE.

Ebensburg Bor—D W Conrad, W Ward; Loretto Bor—James O'Donnell; Summitville Bor—Christian Reich; Washington Tp—Mark McLaughlin; Wilmore Bor—John Schrote. GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Clerk.
Ebensburg, May 9, 1867.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.—In the matter of the petition for a review of the account of David Shaffer, Guardian of Samuel Jacob and Mary Shaffer, minor children of Jacob Shaffer, Jr., dec'd. Sept. 3d, 1866—Read and prayer granted and citation awarded. March 18th, 1867—Answer to citation filed. April 5th, 1867—F. A. Shoemaker, Esq., appointed Auditor to hear, decide and report upon exceptions. By the Court.

In pursuance of the above appointment I will attend at my office in Ebensburg, on Thursday the 30th May, when and where all parties interested shall be heard.
F. A. SHOEMAKER,
May 9, 1867.-3t. Auditor.

LETTERS TESTAMENTARY having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Edward Shoemaker, late of Ebensburg, Cambria county, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, to the subscribers at the office of F. A. Shoemaker, Ebensburg, Pa.
MARY SHOEMAKER, } Executrix.
ELLEN J. MURRAY, }
May 9, 1867.-6t.

☞ All persons indebted to the late firm of E. Shoemaker & Sons are requested to call and settle their accounts.
H. A. SHOEMAKER & CO.

ANY PERSON intending to build a House or Barn, can buy Nails and Hardware cheap by paying cash at
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

## ODE TO THE LEGISLATURE.

BY JOHN G. SAXE.

O wise Assembly! and O wiser Senate!
I much rejoice to pen it—
The hundred days in which you live in clover
Are gone and over!
Gone are the Legislators, great and small;
Clerks, Ushers, Porters, Messengers, and all
The crowd of country cousins in the hall!
Gone are the vultures, large and little;
Gone are the venders of cold victual;
Gone are the ladies, short and tall,
The virtuous and the vicious,
The meritorious and the meretricious,
Who follow their vocations
Where you resort;
In short,
The Apple-women, and the sort
With other appellations!
Gone is the patient, patriotic "Lobby";
Some, who have bagged their game,
Laden with wealth—and shame;
And others leading home their lame
And ill-conditioned hobby,
A little leaner than it came!
Gone, too, the Sharps and Flats who swarm
In secret sessions and perform
"Feats of the *King*"
Unequaled elsewhere—not the sort of thing
Where human features catch defacing blows:
But meaner feats than those,
Degrading Legislative *Ayes* and *Noes*;
O famous Hundred!—
In which (while "rural districts" wondered)
Your little Tullys thundered;
Your Hectors blustered, and your Solons
blundered,
And *Buncombe*—honest ass! was praised
and plundered!
To think!—what wind and muscle were expended
(Mere money not to mention)
In quieting dissension!
What righteous bills opposed, and bad defended;
What Acts (and facts) were made, and
marred, and mended
Before the session ended!
They say, O Legislature! in despite
Of all adverse appearances you *might*
Have been much weaker.
(*How?* I have asked, but all in vain;
None could, or would explain!)
* * * * * * *
Perhaps, O Legislature! since your pay
Is rather small,
(I mean, of course, the regular *per diem*,
And not the price of votes when brokers buy
'em,)
You saw the hundredth day
With pleasure after all.
If so, I will not hint—there's a little need—
You and the people were, for once, agreed!
Farewell, O Senate! and Assembly, too!
Good bye! *adieu! a Dio! adieu!*
(I don't say *au revoir!*)
With common sense I wouldn't be at war,
That Legislatures come, it needs must be,
(And go, thank Heaven!) but when I see
Your Ways and Means, I think
Of what, upon a time, a person said
Touching an article we eat and drink;
If you'd enjoy (quoth he) your gingerbread,
Or sip your sweetened coffee with delight,
Of *sugar-making* pray avoid the sight!
And thus, with greater cause,
Would we respect the Laws,
(Which *should* be reverenced to be obeyed,)
IF 'TWAN'T BEST TO SEE THEM MADE!

ONE CAUSE OF CRIME.—To those who have daily access to the local news of the city and country, says the Harrisburg *Patriot & Union*, the record of crime is indeed alarming. Theft, robbery, murder, arson, rape and the like crimes are committed openly, daringly, in every part of the State. These crimes used to be chiefly confined to the purlieus of large cities, but now the most secluded spot in the interior of the State is not exempt from daring crimes. The inquisitive naturally ask for a solution of this unprecedented growth of crime, and is is not a difficult matter to give at least one solution. Example is said to be stronger than precept, and when the citizen, whose duty it is to obey the law, finds the lawmakers themselves steeped in iniquity it is not unnatural to follow their example. If it is publicly known that our Congressmen and Legislators falsify and plunder, steal and rob, take bribes for acts of iniquity, vote themselves public money just as they please and commit other diabolical outrages, it is not astonishing that the ruffian in private life should take courage from the example of the ruffian in public position. If our law-makers desire that their enactments should be obeyed let them set a nobler example of purity and virtue than the last Legislature and the last Congress have done. What a debasing thought, that the men who are sent to make wholesome laws for the safety of a confiding people, should themselves be the boldest thieves and robbers in the State or Nation!

THEY were sitting side by side,
And she sighed and then he sighed;
Said he, "My darling idol!"
And he idled and then she idled;
"You are creation's belle,"
And she bellowed, and then he bellowed;
"On my soul there's such a weight,"
And he waited, and then she waited;
"Your hand I ask, so bold I've grown."
And she groaned, and then he groaned;
"You shall have a private gig,"
And she giggled, and then he giggled;
Said she, "My dearest Luke,"
And he looked, and then she looked;
"I'll have thee if thou wilt,"
And he wilted, and then she wilted.

HOW TO FRESHEN SALT FISH.—Many persons who are in the habit of freshening salt fish never dream that there is a right and a wrong way to do it. Any one who has seen the process of evaporation going on at the salt works knows that the salt falls to the bottom. Just so it is in the pan where your mackerel or other fish lies soaking. When it lies with the skin side down, the salt will fall to the skin, and remain there; when, if placed with the flesh side down, the salt falls to the bottom of the pan, and the fish comes out freshened, as it should be; in the other case it is nearly as salt as when put in.

TAN BARK FOR POTATOES.—This subject is brought before the farmers of England, by a communication in the Mark Lane Express. M. R. B. Bamford claims thirty-five years' practice and experience in this matter; and has issued a pamphlet giving his method of using it, which is in brief the following: He does not cut his potatoes for setting, but sets them whole, and the largest he can select. The rows are thirty inches apart, and the potatoes are put nine inches from each other in the row. The land is plowed only eight inches deep, treads the manure firmly in the furrows, puts in the tubers, and covers them in with tan refuse nine inches deep, instead of earthing up. In this way he reports that in 1867 he raised 675 bushels of potatoes—not a rotten one among them—to the acre, with nothing but waste tan as a covering. This is of great importance, the tan refuse being of little or no value, and if it can be put to so important and advantageous a use as in this case, it should be widely known and practiced.

THE ESTRAY LAW.—It will no doubt be a matter of interest to many of our readers to know that the law in regard to estray cattle, &c., makes it the duty of all persons having estrays in their possession to advertise them within thirty days, or as soon as known to be strayed, and if no owner shall appear and make out his property in said stray within ninety days, after the publication of said advertisement, the person taking up the same shall apply to a Justice of the Peace in the same township, who is required to issue a warrant to a constable, who, after giving ten days notice, is required to sell the same—the money for which is to be paid into the hands of the Justice of the Peace, who is to pay all reasonable charges for the cost of keeping, registering, advertising, selling, &c., and the balance, if there be any, is to be paid into the county treasury.


### MISCELLANEOUS.

CHAIR MANUFACTORY.

**WM. P. PATTON,**

JOHNSTOWN PA.

**ALL KINDS OF CHAIRS,**

such as common Winsor Chairs, Fret Back Chairs, Vienna Chairs, Bustle Chairs, Rim Backed Chairs, Sociable Chairs,

**Cane Seat Chairs,**

ROCKING CHAIRS, OF EVERY SIZE

**SPRING SEAT CHAIRS**

Settees, Lounges, &c., &c.

**CABINET FURNITURE**

of every description and of latest *STYLES, WITH PRICES TO SUIT THE*

**Tastes of all.**

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a liberal share of public patronage. Clinton Street, Johnstown Cambria Co. Pa. [Jan. 31, 1867.

**EBENSBURG FOUNDRY.**

The subscriber announces to the public, that he has repurchased the Ebensburg Foundry and is prepared to furnish his former customers and all others with every description of castings usually manufactured at a country establishment. He will always keep on hand the best quality of COOKING STOVES, PARLOR STOVES, OFFICE STOVES, &c. Also PLOWS, of the most approved pattern. PLOW POINTS, THRESHING MACHINES and all other articles connected with the business of a Foundry.

He invites the patronage of the public and will sell at the most reasonable prices, for cash or country produce.

EDWARD GLASS

**EBENSBURG LITERARY DEPOT!**

**JAMES MURRAY,**

DEALER IN

BOOKS, STATIONERY, CIGARS, TOBACCO, PERFUMERY, FANCY SOAPS, &c., &c.,

*In the Room formerly occupied by Dr. Lemon as a Drug Store,*

MAIN STREET, EBENSBURG,

Keeps Blank Books, Envelopes, Paper, Pens, Ink, Pocket Books, Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Prayer and Toy Books, &c. ☞ Stationery and Cigars sold either wholesale or retail. [feb21tf.

JOHN HICKEY, ALTOONA PA.,

Dealer in all kinds

**Household Furniture!**

SUCH AS

LOUNGES, TABLES, BEDSTEADS
SOFAS, BUREAUS, WHAT-NOTS
CUSHIONED, CANE-BOTTOMED, AND COMMON CHAIRS, &c.

**NEW FURNITURE WAREROOM,**

*FOURTH STREET, NEAR HARRIET,*

*Opposite the Protestant Episcopal Church,*

March 7, 1867.-6m. EAST ALTOONA.

JOHN GAY. WM. WELSH.

**GAY & WELSH,**

Successors to Gay & Painter,

WHOLESALE

**Grocers and Commission Merchants**

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, PRODUCE, FISH, SALT, CARBON OILS, &c., &c.,

Corner Penn and Canal Sts., opposite Grain Elevator. [feb28] *Pittsburgh, Pa.*

**DENTISTRY.**—Dr. D. W. Zeigler, having opened an office in rooms over R. H. Thomas' Store, offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. ap.18.3m.

FRANK W. HAY,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL Manufacturer, of TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE, *Canal street*, below Clinton, *Johnstown, Pa.* A large stock constantly on hand.

### MEDICAL PREPARATIONS.

**$100 REWARD!**

*For a medicine that will cure*

COUGHS,
INFLUENZA,
TICKLING IN THROAT,
WHOOPING COUGH,

*or relieve CONSUMPTIVE COUGHS.*

AS QUICK AS

**COE'S COUGH BALSAM**

OVER ONE MILLION BOTTLES

have been sold, and not a single instance of its failure is known. We have in our possession any quantity of Certificates, some of them from EMINENT PHYSICIANS who have used it in their practice, and given it the pre-eminence over all other compounds.

IT DOES NOT DRY UP A COUGH,

BUT LOOSENS IT,

so as to enable the patient to expectorate freely. Two or three doses will INVARIABLY CURE TICKLING IN THE THROAT. A half bottle has often completely cured the most *Stubborn Cough*, and yet, though it is so sure and speedy in its operation, it is perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable. It is very agreeable to the taste, and may be administered to children of any age.

*In cases of Croup we will guarantee a cure, if taken in season.*

**No Family should be without it.**

It is within the reach of all, it being the cheapest and best medicine extant.

C. G. CLARK & CO., Prop'rs,
mar.28.eowly. New Haven, Conn.

**COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE!!**

This great remedy for all DISEASES OF THE STOMACH is the discovery of the inventor of Coe's valuable Cough Balsam, while experimenting for his own health. It cured Cramp in the Stomach for him which had before yielded to nothing but choloform.

The almost daily testimony from various parts of the country encourage us to believe there is no disease caused by a disordered stomach it will not speedily cure. Physicians endorse and use it. Ministers give testimony of its efficacy; and from all directions we receive tidings of cures performed.

*Dyspepsia* it is sure to cure. *Heartburn* one dose will cure. *Sick Headache* it has cured in hundreds of cases. *Headache and Dizziness* it stops in thirty minutes. *Acidity of the Stomach* it corrects at once. *Rising of the Food* it stops immediately. *Distress after Eating* one dose will remove. *Cholera Morbus* rapidly yields to a few doses. *Bad Breath* will be changed with half a bottle.

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS!

Its unprecedented success is owing to the fact that it cures by assisting Nature to reassert her sway in the system.

Nearly every dealer in the United States sells it at ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors,
March 14.-eowly. New Haven, Conn.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

HARTFORD

**LIVE STOCK INSURANCE COMPANY.**

CASH CAPITAL $500,000.

We are now prepared to insure LIVE STOCK against both *Death* and *Theft*, in this live and reliable Company. Owners of stock have now the opportunity, by insuring with this Company, of obtaining security and remuneration for the loss of their animals in case of DEATH or theft.

OWNERS OF HORSES,

Manufacturers, Farmers, Teamsters, Expressmen, Physicians, and in fact all who are to any extent dependant upon the services of their horses in their daily vocations, should insure in this Company, and thus derive a protection against the loss of their animals, which are in many cases the sole means of support to their owners.

*FARM STOCK.*

Farmers and others owning cattle should avail themselves of this means of saving the value of their stock, and secure an equivalent for the loss which would otherwise fall heavily upon them in being deprived of their Cattle, by insuring in this, the

PIONEER COMPANY OF AMERICA!

By insuring in this Company you exchange a certainty for an uncertainty. No man can tell whether his animals may not be stolen or die through some unforseen calamity.

☞ *Competent Agents wanted, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.* Apply to KERR & CO., General Agents,
April 4, 1867.-1y. Altoona, Pa.

☞ Col. WM. K. PIPER, Ebensburg, has been appointed local agent for the Hartford Live Stock Insurance Company.

**FOREIGN SHIPPING**

AND

**EXCHANGE OFFICE.**

We are now selling Exchange (at New York rates on

England, Ireland, Scotland,
Wales, Germany, Prussia,
Austria, Bavaria, Wurtemberg,
Baden, Hessen, Saxony,
Hanover, Belgium, Switzerland,
Holland, Norway and France.

And Tickets to and from any Port in

England, Ireland, Scotland,
Germany, France, California,
New South Wales or Australia.

KERR & CO.

**O. K. CURTAIN FIXTURE!**

*Has no superior, is the World!!*

It is pronounced faultless by all who have used it, and it is predicted that it will supersede all other Curtain Fixtures now in use. For sale by GEO. HUNTLEY.

SUGAR KETTLES AND SUGAR PANS, low for cash, at
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

IF you want to buy goods on long credit and pay big prices, don't go to
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.


### REAL ESTATE SALES.

**PRIVATE SALE!**—The subscriber will sell the following described Property at Private Sale:

One House at Portage Station, on the Pa. R. R., with 2 acres of land. Suitable for a Store Room or a Dwelling.

One House and 90 Acres Land, on Pa. R. R., one half mile west of Portage, opposite the siding of the Union Mills of the subscriber, and at the terminus of the railroad of White & Co.

One House and 2 Acres Land at Portage, now occupied by Louisa Keepers. A good site for a Store.

One Water Power Saw Mill, within ten rods of the Pa. R. R., one half mile west of Portage, together with timber land, 100, 200, or 300 acres, to suit purchasers. The barns and houses on the same cost $1,500 when lumber was cheap.

Or, I will sell the whole tract of 480 acres, with timber enough on the same to run the water mill for seven years. The property has 1,500 to 2,000 feet of side tracks connecting with the Pa. R. R.

A general Warranty Deed will be given on ten days notice for all the foregoing property, and possession of all houses, etc., will be given on 1st April next.

*Call soon*, as the property will be disposed of on or before the 1st April.

The improvements vest the subscriber $6,000.

150 Acres of the Land is timbered with good Sugar, and the Land itself is warranted to be as good as any in Cambria county.

Three creeks pass through the Land, viz: Trout Run, McIntosh Run and Wright's Run.

There is COAL on the Land, and any amount of CORD WOOD.

The location is the only outlet to the coal lands of Burke and the Wm. M. Lloyd & Co. lands.

Two pieces of the Land adjoin the land formerly owned by Hon. Thos. A. Scott, and known as the M'Coy Farm.

One-third the purchase money will be required down; the balance in six and twelve months.

Ten per cent. will be deducted for cash payments.

The property will be SOLD in preference to being RENTED, as the subscriber has not time to collect rents.

The House and Lot, say 1 Acre of Land, at Portage, now occupied by Louisa Keepers, will be sold low, if sold soon. Also, the Store Room at the same place, with 2 Acres Land, formerly occupied by Victor Voeghly—sold to him at one time for $725—will now be sold for $600. The former will be sold for $350 cash, or its equivalent.

CALL SOON!

WM. R. HUGHES.

Wilmore, Feb. 14, 1867.-2m.

**ATTENTION! ATTENTION!**—The subscriber offers at Private Sale, on reasonable terms, the FARM on which he now resides, situated 2½ miles north of Wilmore borough, in Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., containing 140 Acres, 50 Acres of which are in a high state of cultivation and under good fence. The balance is well timbered. The property is convenient to market, churches, schoolhouses, etc., and has two DWELLING HOUSES and a good BARN thereon erected. There are two Orchards of choice fruit, never-failing springs of good water convenient to the houses, and water in every field on the farm. A Mill seat inferior to none in the county is to be had on a strong stream flowing through the premises. For further information apply on the premises or address

TERENCE M'ENRUE,

March 7, 1867.-tf. Wilmore, Pa.

**FARM FOR SALE.**—The subscriber offers for sale a piece of land situate in Cambria township, Cambria county, three miles West of Ebensburg, on the Stone Turnpike. The tract contains 50 acres, 35 of which are cleared and in good condition, with a two-story square LOG HOUSE, good BARN, an excellent Spring of water at the door, and a fine young orchard of well selected Fruit. An indisputable title will be given. Terms will be made easy. Persons desirous of purchasing will call upon J. H. DARR, Altoona,
or R. L. JOHNSTON, Ebensburg.
April 4, 1867.-3m*

### HOTELS.

SCOTT HOUSE,

*Main Street, Johnstown, Cambria Co., Pa.,*

A. ROW & CO., Proprietors.

THIS HOUSE having been refitted and elegantly furnished, is now open for the reception and entertainment of guests. The proprietors by long experience in hotel keeping feel confident they can satisfy a discriminating public.

Their Bar is supplied with the choicest brands of liquors and wines.

Jan. 31, 1867. (1y.)

UNION HOUSE,

EBENSBURG, Pa., JOHN A. BLAIR, Proprietor, spares no pains to render this hotel worthy of a continuation of the liberal patronage it has heretofore received. His table will always be furnished with the best the market affords; his bar with the best of liquors.—His stable is large, and will be attended by an attentive and obliging hostler. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, EBENSBURG.

R. P. LINTON & CO., Prop'rs.

The TABLE is always supplied with the choicest delicacies; the BAR is supplied with choice liquors, and the STABLE attended by careful hostlers. Transient visitors accommodated and boarders taken by the week, month or year, on reasonable terms. feb21

SHIELDS HOUSE,

*LORETTO, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.,*

THOMAS CALLEN, Proprietor.

THIS house is now open for the accommodation of the public. Accommodations as good as the country will afford, and charges moderate. Jan 31, 1867-tf.

BARGAINS can be had by buying your goods for cash at
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. L. PERSHING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.* Office on Franklin street, up-stairs, over John Benton's Hardware Store. Jan. 31, 1867.

JAMES C. EASLY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa.* Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Jan. 31, 1867.

H. KINKEAD, *Justice of the Peace and Claim Agent.*—Office removed to the office formerly occupied by M. Hasson, Esq., dec'd, on High St., Ebensburg. j31.

W. H. SECHLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.* Office in the Commissioners' Room, Court House. Jan. 31, '67-tf.

F. P. TIERNEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row. Jan. 5, 1867-tf.

JOSEPH M'DONALD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Centre street, opposite Moore's Hotel. [Jan. 31, 1867-tf

JOHN FENLON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg Pa.*—Office on High street, adjoining his residence. Jan 31, 1867-tf.

GEORGE M. REED,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Main street, three doors East of Julian. Jan. 31, 1867.

GEORGE W. OATMAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street. January 31, 1867.-tf.

WILLIAM KITTELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street. Jan. 31, 1867-tf.

F. A. SHOEMAKER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa*—Office on High street, one door East of the Banking House of Lloyd & Co. January 31, 1867.-tf.

R. L. JOHNSTON. J. S. SCANLAN.

JOHNSTON & SCANLAN,

Attorneys at Law,

Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa.

Office opposite the Court House.

Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

JOHN P. LINTON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in building on corner of Main and Franklin street, opposite Mansion House, second floor. Entrance on Franklin street. Johnstown, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

D. M'LAUGHLIN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in the Exchange building, on the Corner of Clinton and Locust streets—up stairs. Will attend to all business connected with his profession. Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

S. BELFORD, DENTIST,

CONTINUES to visit Ebensburg personally on the 4th Monday of each month.—During his absence Lewis N. Snyder, who studied with the Doctor, will remain in the office and attend to all business entrusted to him. Jan31,'67.

### BANK NOTICES.

WM. M. LLOYD, *President.* D. T. CALDWELL, *Cashier.*

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALTOONA.**

GOVERNMENT AGENCY

AND

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE UNITED STATES.

*Corner Virginia and Annie Streets, North Ward, Altoona, Pa.*

Authorized Capital, - - - - $300,000
Cash Capital paid in, - - - - 150,000

All business pertaining to Banking done on favorable terms

Internal Revenue Stamps of all denominations, always on hand.

To purchasers of Stamps, percentage, in stamps, will be allowed, as follows:

$50 to $100, 2 per cent.; $100 to $200, 3 per cent.; $200 and upwards, 4 per cent.

Jan. 31, 1867-tf.

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK**

OF JOHNSTOWN, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

Capital, $60,000.—Privilege to increase to $100,000.

Inland and Foreign Drafts furnished.
Gold and Silver bought and sold.
Collections made, at home and abroad.
U. S. Bonds and Securities of all kind obtained.
Deposits received and money loaned.
A general Banking business transacted.

DIRECTORS:

D. J. Morrell, | George Fritz,
Isaac Kauffman, | John Dibert,
Jacob M. Campbell, | E. Y. Townsend,
Jacob Levergood.

D. J. MORRELL, *Pres't.*
H. J. ROBERTS, *Cashier.* jan31'67.

**LLOYD & CO., Bankers,**

EBENSBURG, PA.

Gold, Silver, Government Loans, and other Securities, bought and sold. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States, and a general Banking business transacted. January 31, 1867.

**W. LLOYD & CO.,**

BANKERS, ALTOONA, PA.

Drafts on the principal cities and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made. Moneys received on deposit, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates. jan31.

### NEWSPAPER AND JOB PRINTING.

**THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN**

WILL BE PUBLISHED

**EVERY THURSDAY MORNING**

In Ebensburg, Cambria Co., Pa.,

*At the following rates, payable within three months from date of subscribing:*

One copy, one year, - - - - - $2
One copy, six months, - - - - - 1
One copy, three months, - - - - 1

Those who fail to pay their subscription until after the expiration of six months will be charged at the rate of $2.50 per year, and those who fail to pay until after the expiration of twelve months will be charged at the rate of $3.00 per year.

Twelve numbers constitute a quarter, twenty five, six months; and fifty numbers one year.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

| | 3 mos. | 6 mos. | 1 yr. |
|---|---|---|---|
| One square, 12 lines, one insertion, | $ 2 50 | $ 4 00 | $ 6 00 |
| Each subsequent insertion, | | | |
| Auditor's Notices, each, | | | |
| Administrator's' Notices, each, | | | |
| Executors' Notices, each, | | | |
| Estray Notices, each, | | | |
| 1 square, 12 lines, | 2 50 | 4 00 | 6 00 |
| 2 squares, 24 lines, | 5 00 | 8 00 | 12 00 |
| 3 squares, 36 lines, | 7 00 | 10 00 | 15 00 |
| Quarter column, | 8 50 | 12 00 | 20 00 |
| Third column, | 10 00 | 15 00 | 25 00 |
| Half column, | 12 00 | 20 00 | 30 00 |
| One Column, | 20 00 | 30 00 | 60 00 |
| Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 8 lines, with paper, | | | 6 00 |

**M'CRUM & DERR**

BOOK, CARD, AND

**PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTERS**

*And Blank Book Manufacturers,*

ALTOONA, PA.

Having our office fitted up with a large and varied assortment of

Job Type, Power and Card Presses, Ruling Machine and Book Binders, and all the requisites of a first-class Printing Office, for the purpose of executing Railroad Printing, we are enabled to get up anything in the line of job printing and book work, from a Visiting Card to a Mammoth Poster, or a Penny Tract to a Bible or Docket, in the latest styles, at short notice, and at CITY PRICES.

We give special attention to RULING OF BLANK WORK and getting up BLANK BOOKS. Bank Checks, Receipts, Notes, Letter and Bill Heads, neatly printed in plain black or fancy colored inks. Our work will, we feel confident, give entire satisfaction, and we respectfully solicit of the citizens of Ebensburg and Cambria county a *share of the work heretofore sent to city establishments*, and pledge ourselves to do it as WELL and do it as CHEAP as it can be done anywhere in the country. ☞ We ask only such work as your own printing offices have not the facilities for executing. GIVE US A TRIAL.

Orders for work left at the FREEMAN office will be promptly attended to. jan31-3m.

### MARBLE WORKS.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED!

—AT THE—

**JOHNSTOWN MARBLE WORKS**

The subscriber has just received a large and handsome invoice of Italian and American

MARBLE,

comprising the largest and finest stock of the kind ever brought to Johnstown, at his establishment on Franklin Street, where he is prepared with an adequate force of experienced and skilful workmen, to execute all kinds of MONUMENTS, Mantels, Tombstones, Table and Bureau Tops, &c., as cheap as they can be purchased in any of the cities.

A large stock of GRINDSTONES on hand and for sale low.

A room has been opened in Ebensburg, a few doors west of Dr. S. S. Christy's Drug Store, where articles of my manufacture will be kept constantly on hand, to which the attention of purchasers is invited.

☞ Prompt attention paid to orders from a distance and work delivered where desired. JOHN PARKE

**LORETTO MARBLE WORKS.**

THE UNDERSIGNED begs leave to inform the citizens of Cambria and adjoining counties, that he has just received a stock of the finest *Italian and other Marbles* at his *Establishment in Loretto Cambria co., Pa.*

*Monuments, Tombs, Grave-Stones, Table and Bureau tops*, manufactured of the most beautiful and finest quality of Foreign and Domestic marble, always on hand and made to order as cheap as they can be purchased in the city, in a neat and workmanlike manner, and on the shortest notice.

The public are respectfully invited to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am confident that my work and prices will satisfy any person desiring any thing in my line of business.

*Now is the time to get a cheap job!*

JAMES WILKINSON.

**Lime for Sale,**

THE undersigned is prepared to ship Lime from Lilly Station, on No. 4, on the Pennsylvania Railroad to Ebensburg, Johnstown, or any other point on the Penna. R. R., or its branches.

Address, WM. TILEY.
Jan31.-tf. Hemlock, Cambria co., Pa.

R. J. LLOYD,

SUCCESSOR to R. S. BUNN, Dealer in DRUGS, MEDICINES AND PAINTS. Store on Main street, opposite the "Mansion House," Ebensburg, Pa. Jan. 31, '67-tf.

**COOKING, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES, at Cost, for Cash,** from now until the 1st of May, at
Feb. 28. GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

**12** DOZ. WOODEN BUTTER BOWLS just received and for sale low for cash at [feb.28.] GEO. HUNTLEY'S.